



NAME _____ DATE _____

ADVERBS (FORMATION OF ADVERBS)

Adverbs modify the meaning or tell more about verbs/adjectives/other adverbs they are called adverbs because they add something to the meaning of action or express specific details of the words they modify many adverbs end in -ly. They usually reveal how/when/where an action takes place.

Example: 1) The old man walked the road quickly.

2) Ben left the school early.

3) Some girls played here.

4) Emma is quite happy at home.

5) He drove his bike very slowly.

Look at the example word given. Note the way the adverbs formed and try a similar way to write adverbs for each word.

Example:

WORD

ADVERBS

True

Truly

WORD

ADVERBS

1) Due

2) Whole

3) Able

4) Single

5) Double

6) Triple

7) Gentle
